CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge Ordinary Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2014 series

4040 STATISTICS

4040/23

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 100

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Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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F	Page 2		Syllabus	Paper	
		Cambridge O Level – October/November 2014	4040	23	
1	(i)	Mode = 17		B1	
	(ii)	Attempt at valid method to find median		M1	
		Median = 16		A1	
	(iii)	(a) Any attempt to work with a cumulative frequency of 29		M1	
		k = 11		A1	
		(b) $k = 9$		B1	
2	Sig	nt of 60% or 0.6 being used		B1	
	Any attempt to multiply a '1st class probability' by 0.4 AND a '2nd class probability' by 0.6 Any attempt to multiply at least two of these products by the appropriate value of				
	the variable				
	Attempt to sum five such 'expectations' $(0.4 \times 0.8 \times 1) + (0.4 \times 0.2 \times 2) + (0.6 \times 0.5 \times 2) + (0.6 \times 0.3 \times 3) + (0.6 \times 0.2 \times 4)$				
		2 + 0.16 + 0.6 + 0.54 + 0.48 correct terms summed, either evaluated or unevaluated		A1	
	2.1			A1	
3	(i)	430		B1	
	(ii)	17.2		B1	
	(iii)	8131		B1	
	(iv)	Variance = (8131/25) – (17.2) ²			
	` '	Use of a correct formula for variance		M1*	
		Attempt to take square root of 'their variance' 5.42 cm		M1dep A1	
4	(i)	(x-27)/12 = (x-30)/6		844	
		An appropriate equation in any form in which the two 'unknowns' are the A correct such equation.	e same.	M1 A1	
		x = 33		A1	
	(ii)	An attempt at a standardised term with the unknown s.d. in the denomination of the control of th	nator	M1	
		(51-27)/12 = (100-50)/s.d. Correct equation in any equivalent form		A1	
		25		A1	
5	(i)	Bar chart of correct structure		B1	
-	(*)	Bar of correct heights and chart fully annotated		B1	
	(ii)	Two bars of equal height and full annotation		B1	
		Percentage components correct (27-33-40) and (31-33-36)		B1	
	(iii)	Because it directly compares the share which each item has of overall e	expenditure	R # 4	
		(or similar valid reason) the percentage sectional chart is more useful.		M1 A1	

Pa	Page 3		Mark Scheme		Paper
			Cambridge O Level – October/November 2014	4040	23
6	(a)		reference to frequency being proportional to area in a histogram ualitative variable has no 'class widths' which can be used to form/e	valuate	B1
		suc	h areas.		B1
	(b)	Any valid comparison, e.g. A discrete variable can only take certain values within its range, whereas a continuous variable can take all values within its range. (Or, a discrete variable is counted, a continuous variable is measured.)			В2
	(c)	(i)	15		B1
		(ii)	14.5		В1

	Cambridge O Level – October/November 2014	4040	23
7 (i)	Jumber of boxes of balls purchased = $75/3 = 25$ Therefore cost of balls = $25 \times 50 = 1250 Total wages = $12.50 \times 600 = 7500 Required ratio = $10000: 1250: 2500: 7500 = 8: 1: 2: 6$ AG		M1 A1 B1 B1
(ii)	Balls 90 Maintenance 102, Services 105, Wages 103 (B1 for two correct)		B1 B2
(iii)	$(102 \times 8) + (90 \times 1) + (105 \times 2) + (103 \times 6)] / 17$		
	for any one product (weight × price ratio) (except for weight of 1) for attempt to sum four such products Division by 17 734/17 = 102		M1 M1* M1dep A1
(iv	otal 2012 expenditure = $\$21250$ stimate of 2013 expenditure = $\$(21250 \times 102)/100$ (with or without /100) 21675 (or 21700 as 3sf value)		B1 M1 A1
(v)	Any valid reasons not accounted for by information included in the calculations (i.e. not 'inflation') e.g. Varying membership or number of matches played may affect the number of balls purchased.		
8 (i	– under 3		B1
(ii)	cm		B1
(iii)	2 209 242 255 379 401 412 500 (-1 each independent error)		B2
(iv	+ 8 or 8.5)/13 .62 or 4.65		M1 M1 A1
(v)	Use of formulae must be consistent throughout) JQ = 5 + (120 or 120.75)/124 5.97 (using either formula) Q = 2 + (113 or 113.25)/197 2.57 or 2.58 QR = UQ - LQ = awrt 3.40 JQR A1 dep on at least one of the M1s)		M1 A1 M1 A1 A1
(vi	a) (1.35 or 1.32) and (2.04 or 2.05 or 2.07 or 2.08)		B1ft
	Any valid comment relating to skewness or lack of symmetry		B1ft
(vii	The gradient will be steepest where the class frequency is highest, round the 2 – under 3 class.		M1 A1

Syllabus

Paper

Pa	age 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		Cambridge O Level – October/November 2014	4040	23
9	(a) (i)	Any comment meaning the events cannot occur simultaneously		B1
	(ii)	Any valid examples, but the two events must both be possible outcomes same 'experiment'	omes of the	B1
	(iii)	(a) Any reference to the probabilities of possible outcomes not sun than 1	nming to m	ore B1
		(b) Use of $P(A) \times P(B)$ 0.3		M1 A1
	(b) (i)	Valid probability with a denominator of 60 24/60 = 2/5 = 0.4		M1 A1
	(ii)	Valid probability with a denominator of 35 or a numerator of 23 23/35 = 0.657		M1 A1
	(iii)	Valid probability with a denominator of 25 or a numerator of 11 11/25 = 0.44		M1 A1
	(iv)	Product of two valid probabilities with denominators of 60 and 59 $(5/60) \times (4/59) = 1/177 = 0.00565$		M1 A1
	(v)	$(35/60) \times [(7/35 \times 12/59) + (28/35 \times 13/59)]$ $(35/60) \times$ an attempt at the second probability, seen Product of two probabilities with denominators 35 and 59 seen 112/885 = 0.127 (correct result)		M1 M1 A1
		OR $(7/60 \times 12/59) + (28/60 \times 13/59)$ Correct numerators in an expression of this form Correct denominators in an expression of this form $112/885 = 0.127$	N	//1 //1 \\1

Page		Syllabus 4040	Paper
40 (1)	Cambridge O Level – October/November 2014	4040	23
10 (i)	12 00 07 09 01 (–1 each independent error)		B2
(ii)	(a) 00 02		B1
	(b) 00		B1
	(c) 03 06 09 12		B1
(iii)	(a) 3 friends, 2 relatives		B1
	(b) 06 09 08 04 02 (-1 each error)		В3
(iv)	(a) Group I 2, Group II 1		B1
	(b) 11 13 10 02 09 (-1 each error)		B2
(v)	Sample in (iii) obviously representative for F/R and also for age, so totally representative. Clear indication of valid method Correct conclusion Sample in (iv) obviously representative for age but over-represents friends. (Equivalent comment regarding under-representation equally acceptable.)		
	Clear indication of valid method Correct conclusion		M1 A1
11 (i)	Because each 'cycle' is of length 5 days (or equivalent comment)		B1
(ii)	Because the MA values are at the same point in time as the original value or some comment relating to each cycle containing an odd number of observations.	alues	В1
(iii)	Plots correct vertically Plots correct horizontally Either a clear cyclical pattern, or no clear upward or downward long-te	rm trend	B1 B1 B1
(iv)	x = 127 y = 24.8		B1 B1
(v)	Plots correct vertically Plots correct horizontally		B1 B1
(vi)	To eliminate seasonal variation, achieved well in this case.		M1 A1
(vii)	Suitable straight line through plotted MA points.		B1
(viii)	Use of seasonal components summing to 0. $q = -3$		M1 A1
(ix)	Correct use of reading from their graph and Tuesday component. 17 (result must be an integer as discrete variable).		M1 A1ft